

## FRED SHEARER & SONS, INC. ESTABLISHED 1916

Job Hazard Analysis			JHA # 18		
Job/Task Title: Interior Removal and Disposal of Glass					
Safe Job Procedure:			Revised 1/2024		
This JHA is for the safe and successful removal and disposal of glass. Special emphasis is placed on prevention of glass breakage and cuts.					
Required PPE: Hard Hat, Safety Glasses, Hi-Vis Vest, Cut-4 Gloves, Cut Resistant Sleeves, Work Boots					
Review JHA's 17,22,23,26,28,30,31: Interior Demolition, Rolling Scaffolds (Perry/ Baker), Powered Tools and Equipment, Material Handling, Scaffolding, Covering/ Cleanup, LOTO					
Step #1 Work Area Inspec	ction	1			
Steps to Complete Job	Hazards		entive Measures		
Survey and set up the work area.	Workers can be cut on sharp materials, sharp edges, or equipment. Possible trips, falls, and being struck by loose debris or unsecure materials.	Gloves, Cut Resistar	Glasses, Hi-Vis vest, Cut-4 nt Sleeves, and Work Boots.		
			e, or mark all trip hazards , slippery conditions, rolling elevations.		
		3) Correct or note a last leaving it.	ny changes in work area since		
		4) Pickup loose mat from work area.	erials and remove debris		
Identify any stored energies in the work area that could be released due to the work being performed, or by being damaged.	Workers could release unknown or unsuspected energy due to damage, removal of system components, or exposure of system components.	1) Relocate stored of from work area.	energy components or system		
		2) Deenergize and i procedures to store	nstall LOTO (JHA #31) ed energy source.		
		stored energy source			
		4) Barricade and tag source.	g area around stored energy		



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Walk area to ensure that there is adequate lighting and electrical power supply.  Coordinate work in the area with other trades.	Lack of lighting can impair the ability to see, causing trips, falls, cuts, etc. Lack of sufficient electrical power can cause circuit overloads and excessive number of electrical cords in the area.  Possible confusion and conflict due to multiple	1) Have temporary task lighting provided before work begins.  2) Have temporary power provided before work begins.  3) Minimize electrical cords in area. Verify the cords in use are rated for their expected use.  4) All cords and lighting to be GFCI protected.  5) All cords to be tested and marked according to current Assured Grounding protocol.  1) Communicate with other trades to avoid creating a hazardous situation by trade stacking.
Step #2 Task Area Prep	trades working in a limited area.	Coordination.
Steps to Complete Job	Hazards	Preventive Measures
Preparing glass and area for glass removal.	Worker will be exposed to strains, cuts, and trips.	<ol> <li>Stretch and flex before beginning of shift and after lunch. Stretch throughout the shift when needed to reduce or eliminate muscle strains.</li> <li>Clear area of any excess materials or debris.</li> <li>Have a stocking plan in place.</li> <li>Utilize duct tape, placing tape in an "X" pattern on glass before removal.</li> <li>Create an exclusion zone with caution tape and signage to keep personnel out of demo area.</li> <li>Have all equipment ready to quickly clean up after possible glass breakage.</li> <li>Removed glass is to be staged in a noncongested area and protected on all sides from damage.</li> </ol>
Removal and crating of glass.	Worker could be exposed to strains, cuts, and trips.	<ol> <li>1) Have either a cart or pallet ready to accept glass prior to removal.</li> <li>2) Use a buffer between glass and cart/ pallet.</li> <li>3) Always use at least two glass cups when removing glass.</li> <li>4) Glass is to be removed from the trim side of wall.</li> <li>5) Glass is not to be stacked over 12 inches high.</li> <li>6) Glass is to be shrink wrapped.</li> <li>7) Removed glass is to be staged in a noncongested area and protected on all sides form damage.</li> </ol>



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Handling and moving of	·	1) Plan movement of glass to minimize handling.
glass. to strains, cuts, and trips.	2) Use proper lifting techniques. Get assistance if the glass is too heavy for one person to safely handle, or for awkward loads.	
		3) Avoid twisting while lifting.
		4) Secure all loads before moving or transporting.